

Numerical particle-in-cell simulations of laser-plasma interaction at Politecnico di Milano

Arianna Formenti
Bologna, May 18th, 2017



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MILANO 1863



ERC-2014-CoG No. 647554
ENSURE

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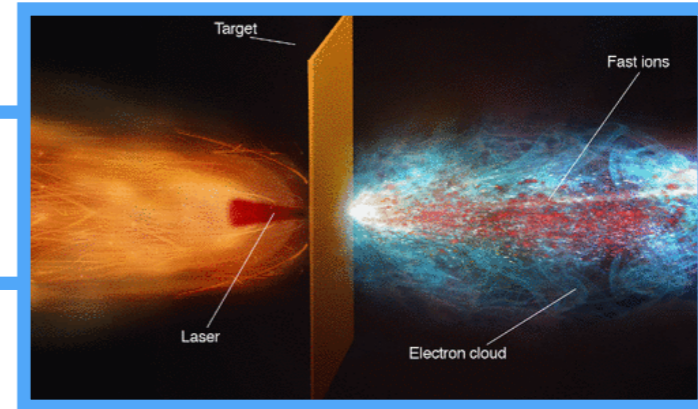


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Main research interests

Laser-driven ion acceleration

theoretical/numerical & experimental investigation

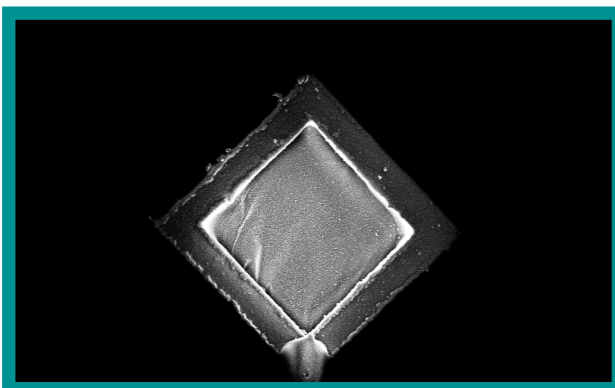


Materials science

development of low-density foams & advanced targets for laser-plasma experiments

Applications in materials and nuclear science

materials characterization with laser-driven ions & secondary neutron sources for radiography and detection



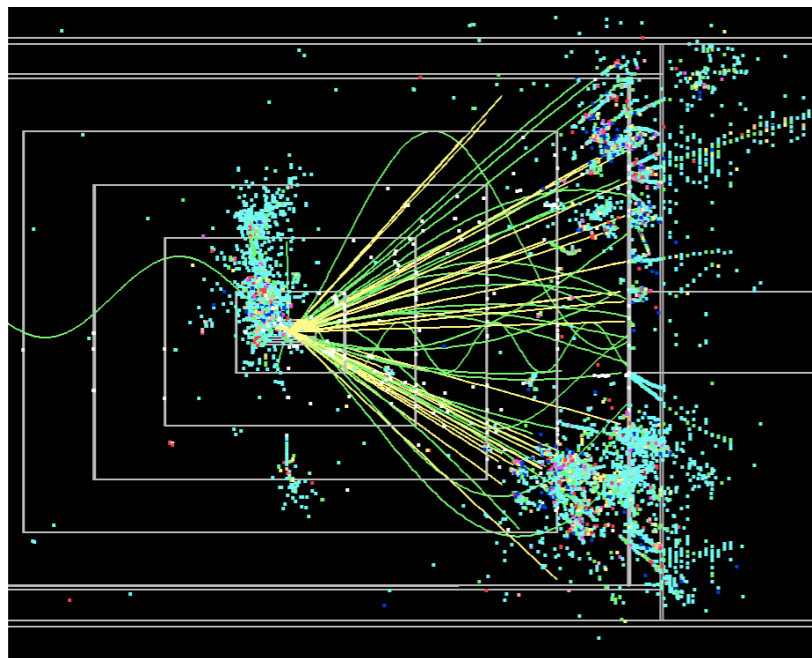
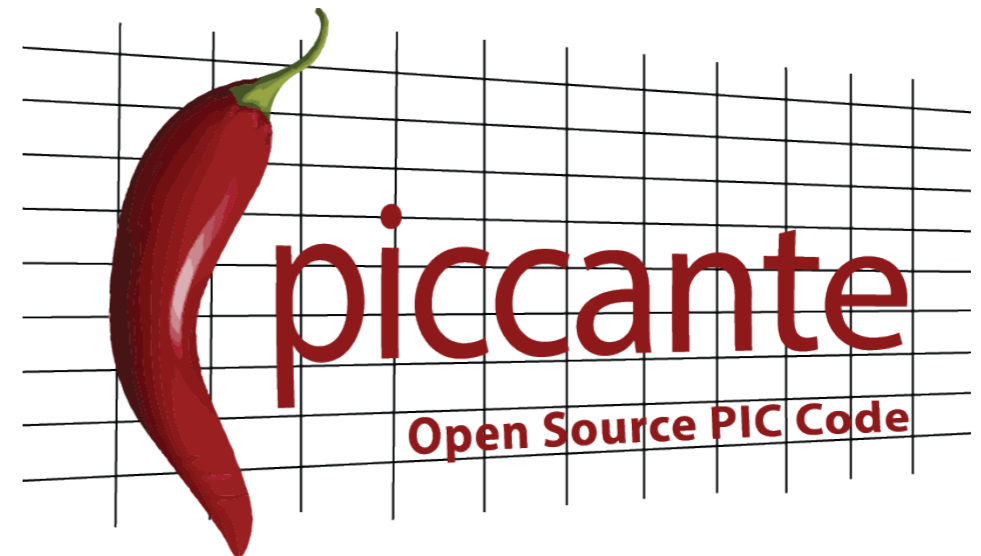
Fundamental physics and laboratory astrophysics

laser interaction with nanostructured plasmas & collisionless shock acceleration of ions

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Numerical activity

Particle-In-Cell simulations with the open source, massively parallel code **piccante** to investigate laser-plasma interaction

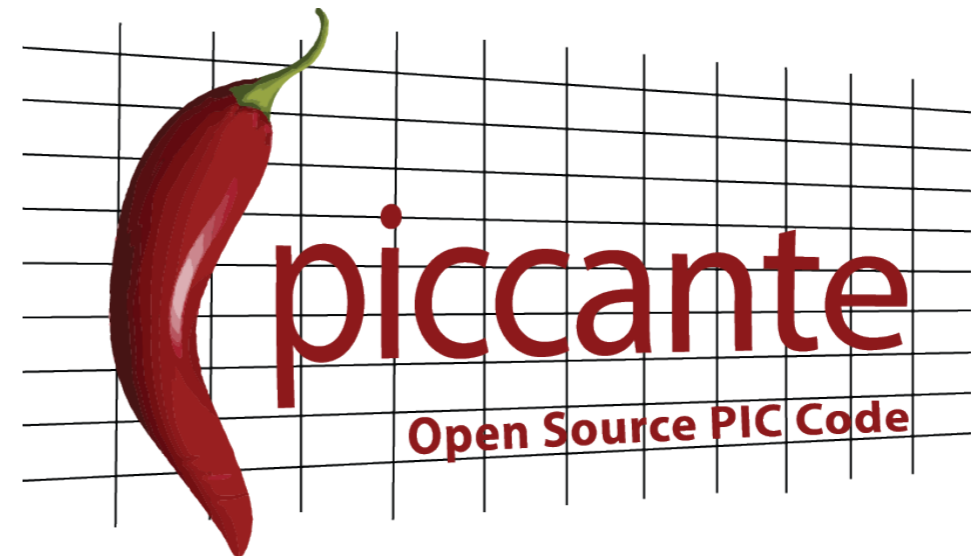


Monte Carlo simulations with the open source code **Geant4** to investigate laser-driven sources interaction with matter

ENSURE project

Numerical activity

Particle-In-Cell simulations with the open source, massively parallel code **piccante** to investigate laser-plasma interaction



Marconi @ CINECA, Bologna
HPC facility - Intel OmniPath Cluster
access through ISCRA C & LISA & PoliMi
grants (~ 100 kCPUhours each)

Numerical activity

Particle-In-Cell simulations

some code developments

charge-conserving current deposition scheme & OpenMP hybridization

A.Formenti, MSc thesis in Mathematical Engineering, Politecnico di Milano, 2016

laser interaction with near-critical plasmas

parametric 2D campaign to investigate laser propagation and absorption & role played by a model of nanostructure

L.Fedeli, A.Formenti, C.Bottani, M.Passoni
EPJD (submitted)

laser-driven ion acceleration

2D & 3D simulations to study the role of a nanostructure on the accelerated ions properties

A.Formenti, MSc thesis in Mathematical Engineering, Politecnico di Milano, 2016

Numerical activity

Particle-In-Cell simulations

some code developments

charge-conserving
current deposition
scheme & OpenMP
hybridization

laser interaction with near-critical plasmas

parametric 2D campaign
to investigate laser
propagation and absorption
& role played by a model of
nanostructure

laser-driven ion acceleration

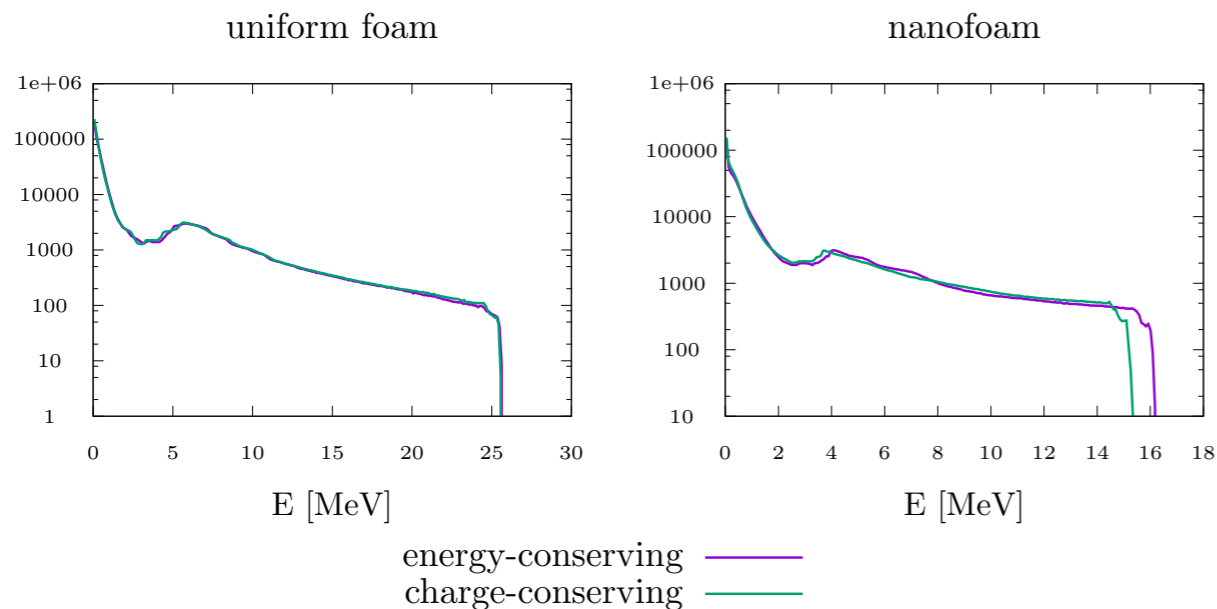
2D & 3D simulations to
study the role of a
nanostructure on the
accelerated ions
properties

Some code developments

Addition to **piccante 1**

implementation of a **charge-conserving current deposition** scheme (Esirkepov method) for comparisons with energy-conserving scheme

no significant differences on main quantities of interest



almost **exact charge conservation**

no exact **energy conservation**
(but acceptable)

very expensive
(~double CPUtime for a 2D simulation)

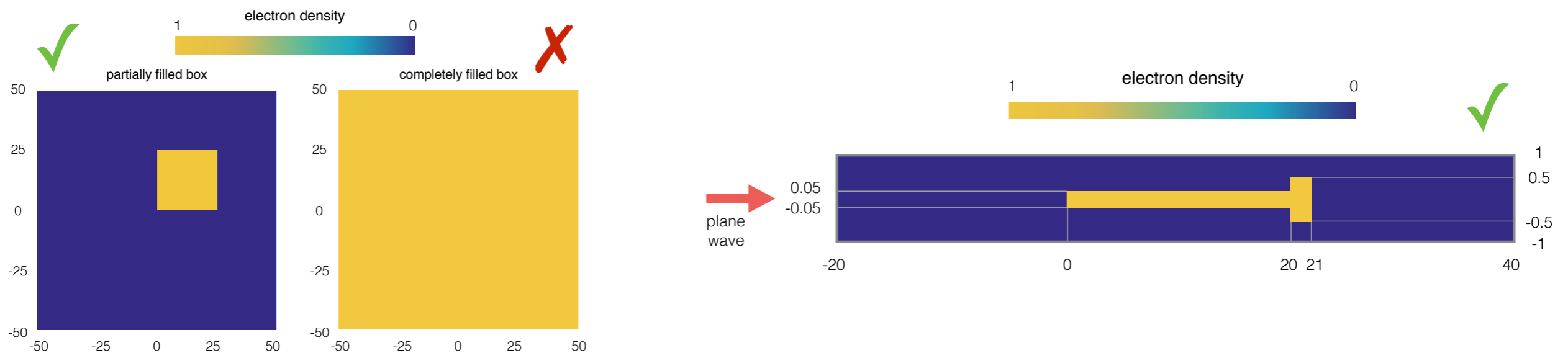
Some code developments

Addition to **piccante 2**

implementation of a **shared-memory parallelism paradigm**
to make **piccante** hybrid using OpenMP
+

should be useful on new Marconi @ CINECA partitions
based **on new** Intel KNL **architectures**

on “old” architectures (Galileo @ CINECA)
works better than MPI only for
VERY, VERY inhomogeneous plasmas



Numerical activity

Particle-In-Cell simulations

some code developments

charge-conserving current deposition scheme & OpenMP hybridization

laser interaction with near-critical plasmas

parametric 2D campaign to investigate laser propagation and absorption & role played by a model of nanostructure

laser-driven ion acceleration

2D & 3D simulations to study the role of a nanostructure on the accelerated ions properties

Laser interaction with near-critical plasmas

Motivations

near-critical regime **not widely explored** also because experimentally (especially for targetry) and theoretically **challenging**

few methods to obtain a near-critical density material:
aerogels, nanotube arrays, **foams**



≠ extensive parametric scans (intensity, density, structure)

interesting for various **applications**:

- laser-driven particle sources
- laboratory astrophysics
- advanced ICF schemes
- ultra-intense, ultra-short γ sources

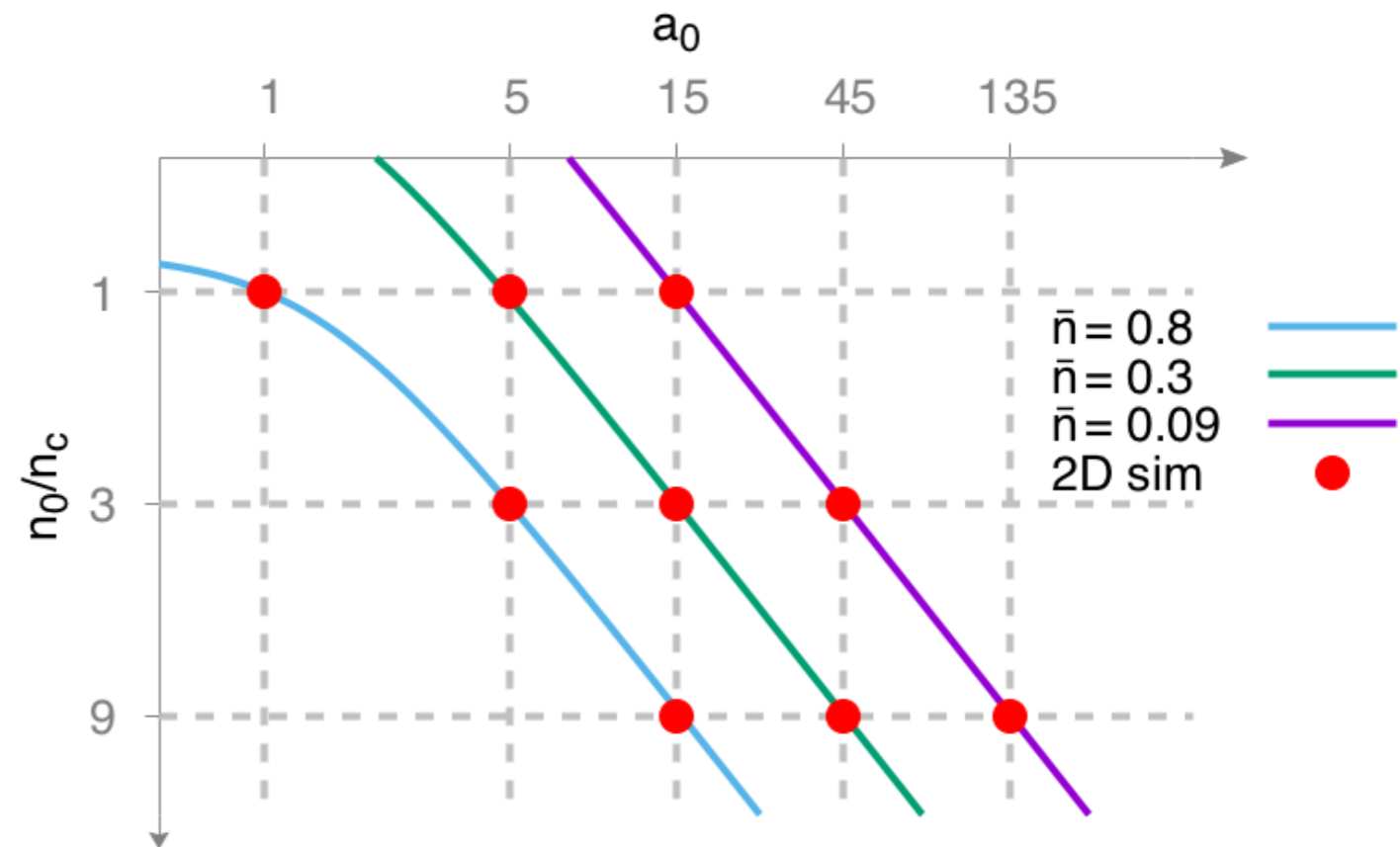
Laser interaction with near-critical plasmas

Particle-In-Cell simulations

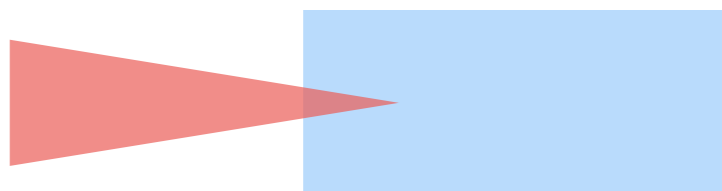
exploration of the parameter space $(a_0, n_0/n_c)$
keeping the relativistic transparency constant for some simulations

“relativistic transparency coefficient”
for a P-polarized laser pulse

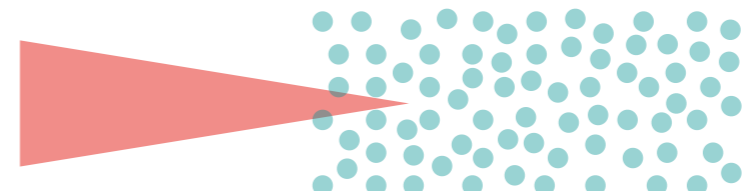
$$\bar{n} = \frac{n_0/n_c}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{a_0^2}{2}}}$$



uniform plasmas



nanostructured plasmas



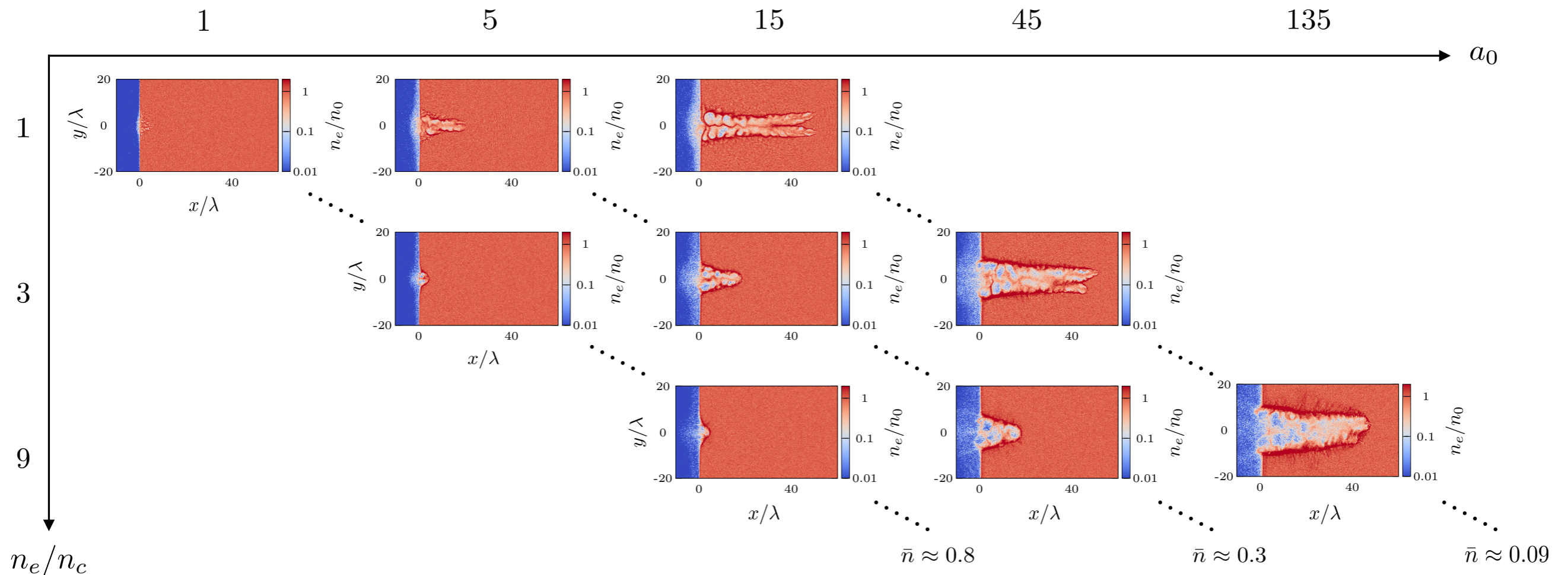
modeled as
collections
of random
nanospheres

Laser interaction with near-critical plasmas

Results

self-similar behavior for constant transparency

electron density plots — **uniform plasma** case

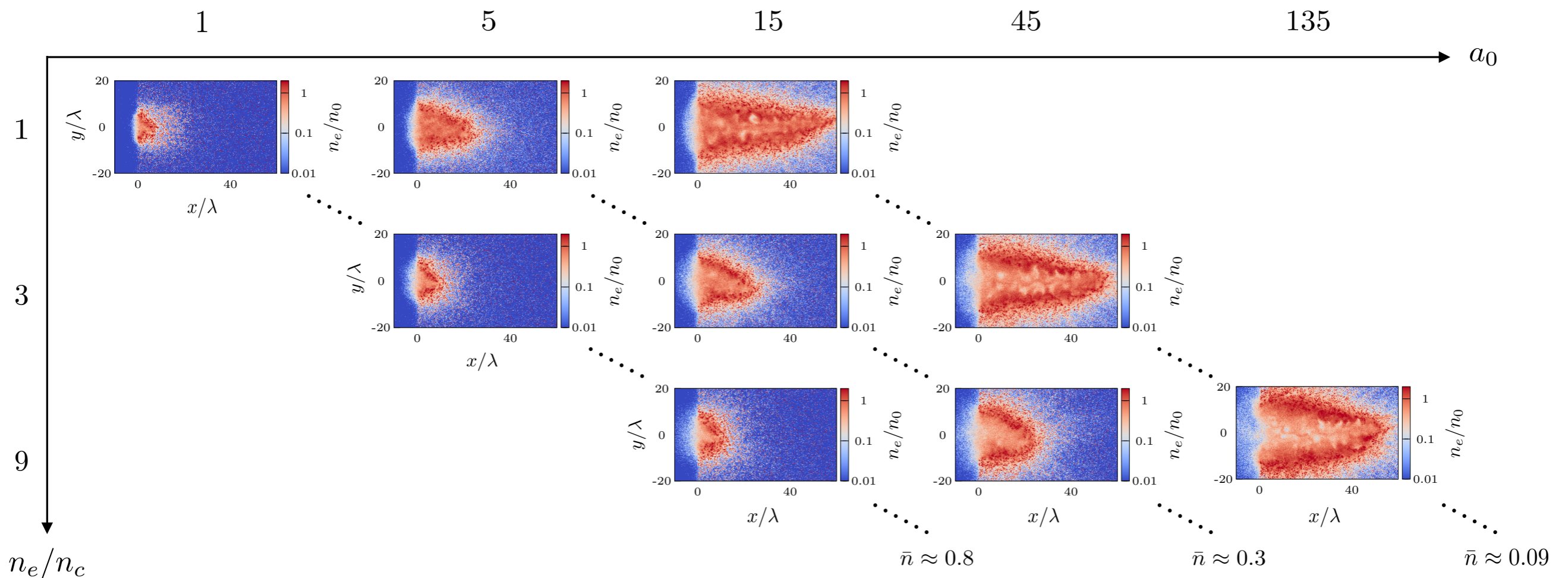


Laser interaction with near-critical plasmas

Results

self-similar behavior for constant transparency
even if the plasma is nanostructured

electron density plots – **nanostructured plasma** case

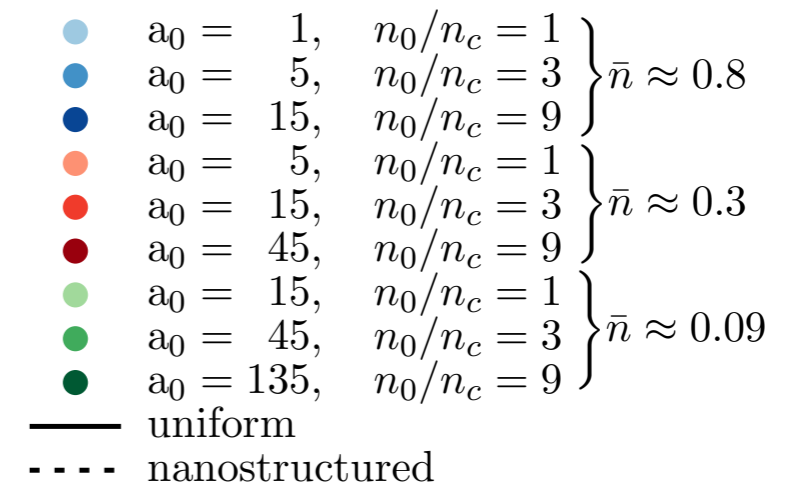
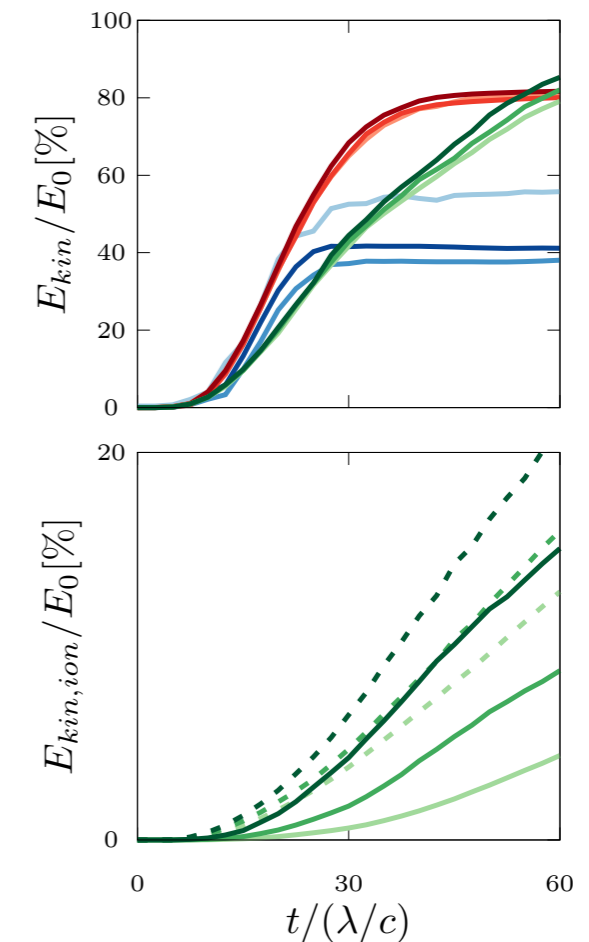
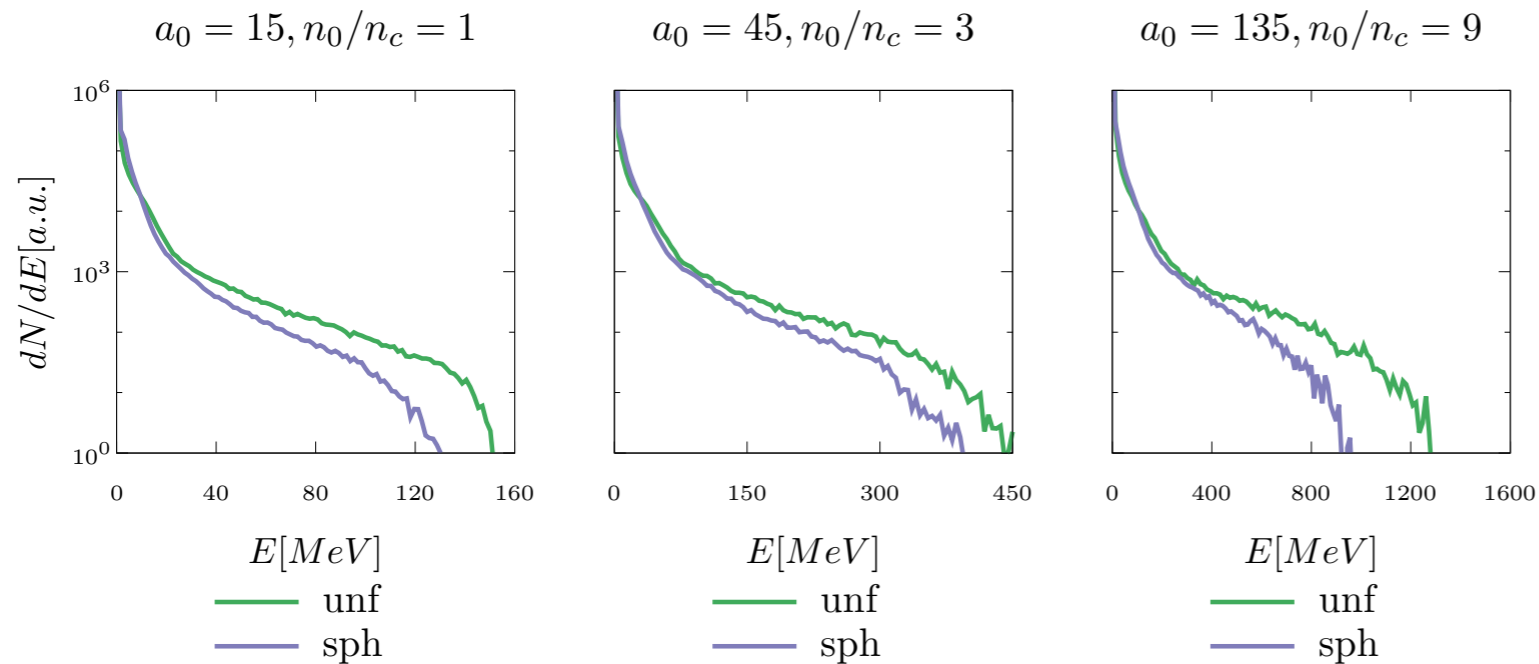


Laser interaction with near-critical plasmas

Results

self-similar behavior also in the energy absorption
&
the nanostructure allows for a **higher** conversion efficiency of laser energy into **ion kinetic energy**

depletion of the high energy **tail of the electron spectra** if the nanostructure is present
(may have consequences on ion acceleration)



Numerical activity

Particle-In-Cell simulations

some code developments

charge-conserving current deposition scheme & OpenMP hybridization

laser interaction with near-critical plasmas

parametric 2D campaign to investigate laser propagation & role played by a model of nanostructure

laser-driven ion acceleration

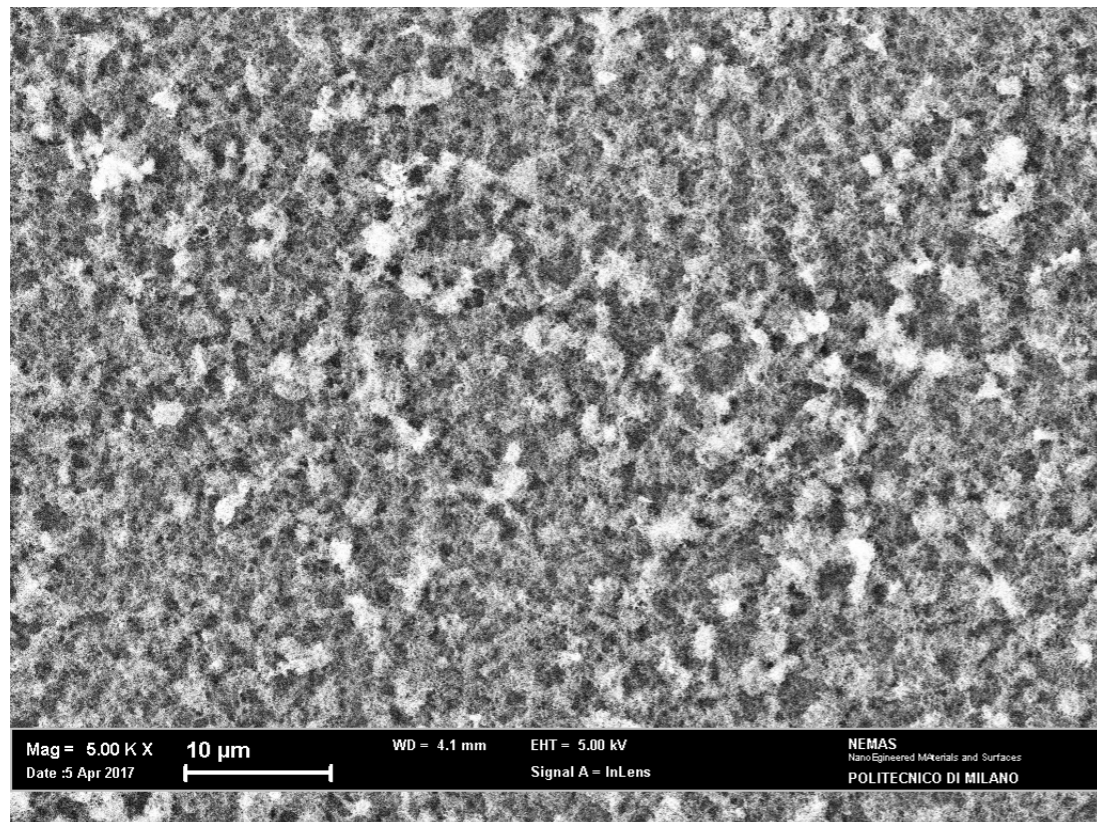
2D & 3D simulations to study the role of a nanostructure on the accelerated ions properties

Laser-driven ion acceleration

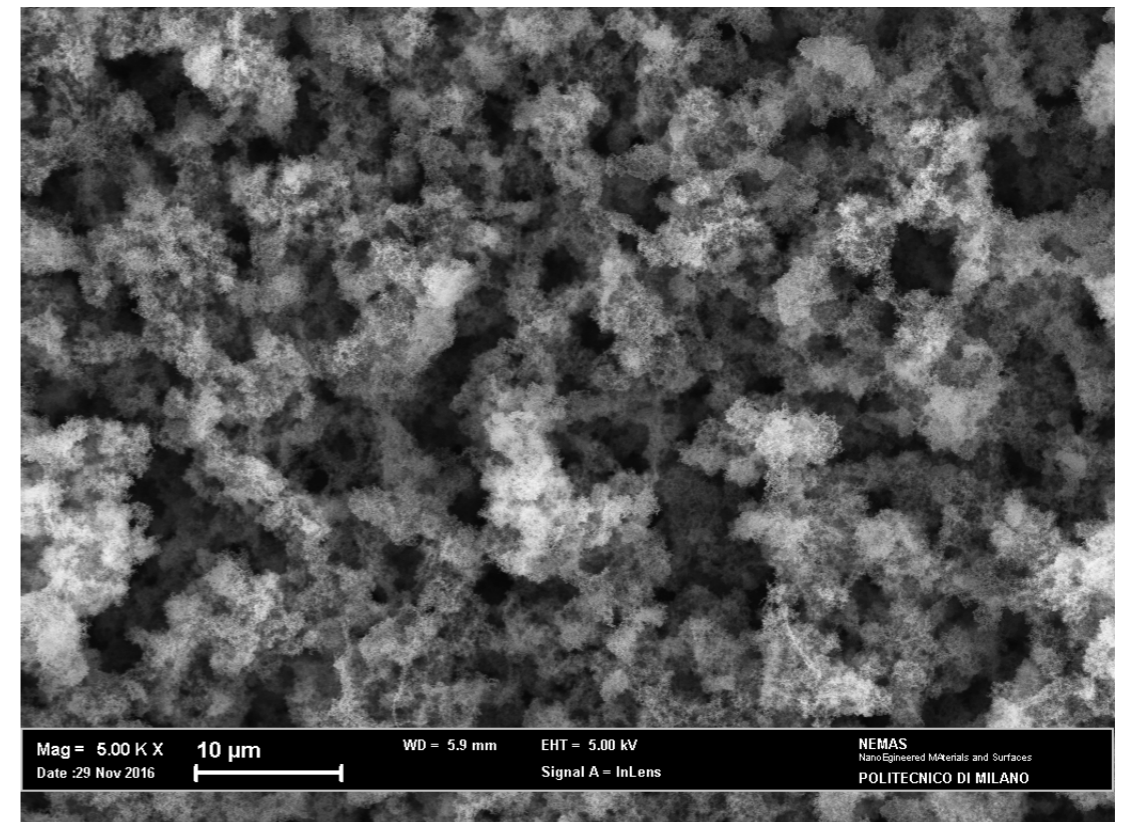
Motivations

real foams used in ion acceleration experiments show very **complex** and **different morphologies** and **structures**, i.e. many non-idealities: very far from being homogeneous

→ average density is not the only relevant foam parameter



SEM image - top view

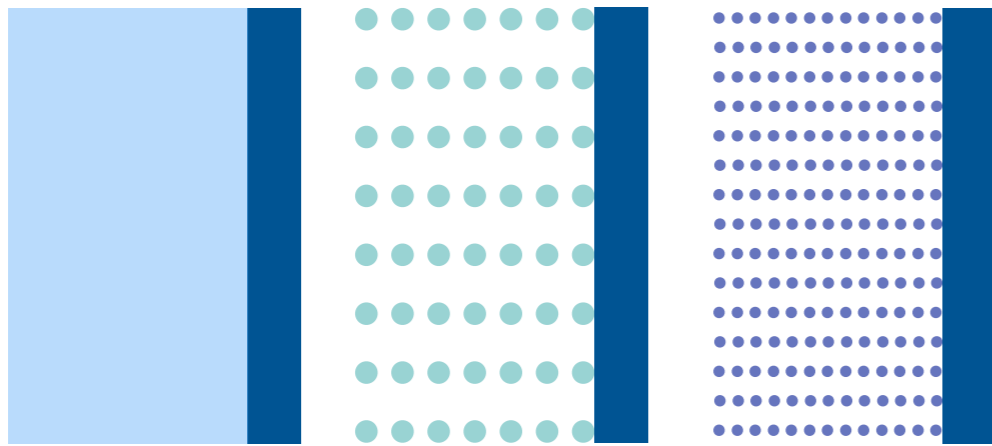


SEM image - top view

Laser-driven ion acceleration

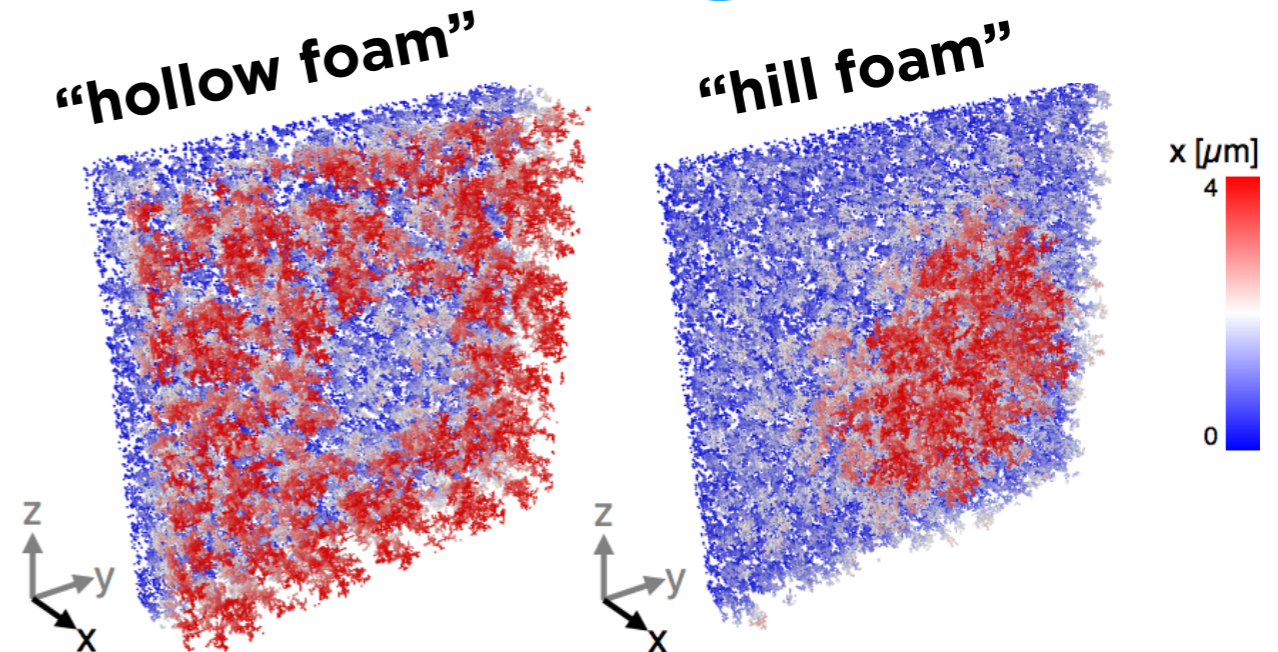
Particle-In-Cell simulations

2D



- **ordered nanospheres**
- **same density, different morphology**
- average density = $1n_c$
- thickness = 5λ
- radius = $0.01\lambda \div 0.05\lambda$,
- distance = $0.25\lambda \div 1\lambda$

3D



- **diffusion-limited-aggregation foam**
- average density = $2n_c$
- non-constant thickness profile
- maximum thickness = 5λ
- radius = 0.05λ
- laser waist = 3λ
- central region radius = 5λ

Laser-driven ion acceleration

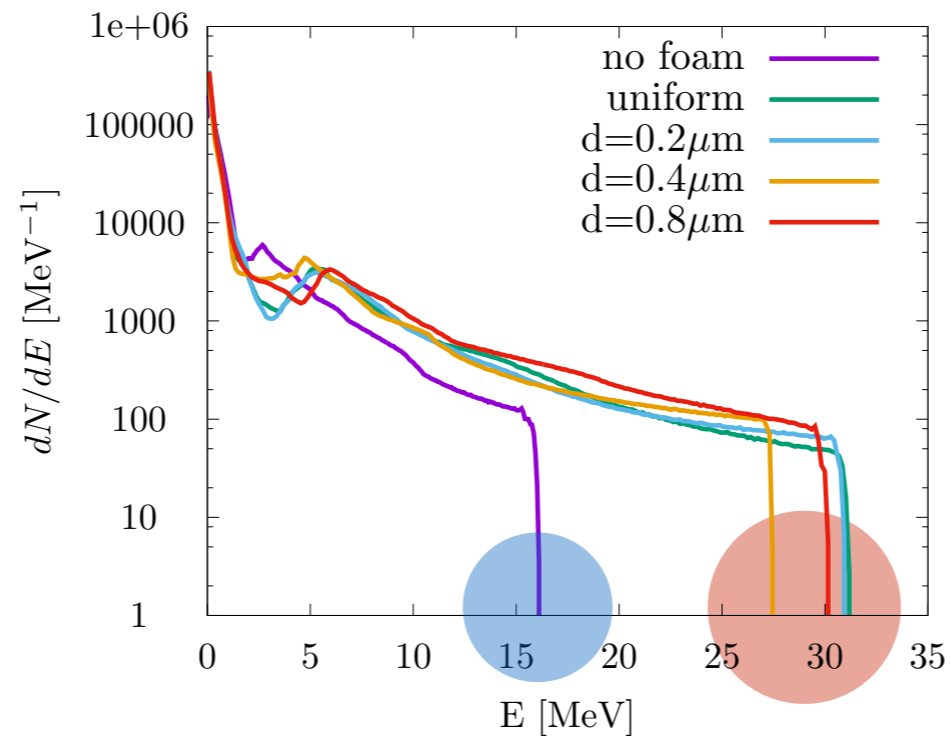
Results

proton energy spectra

2D

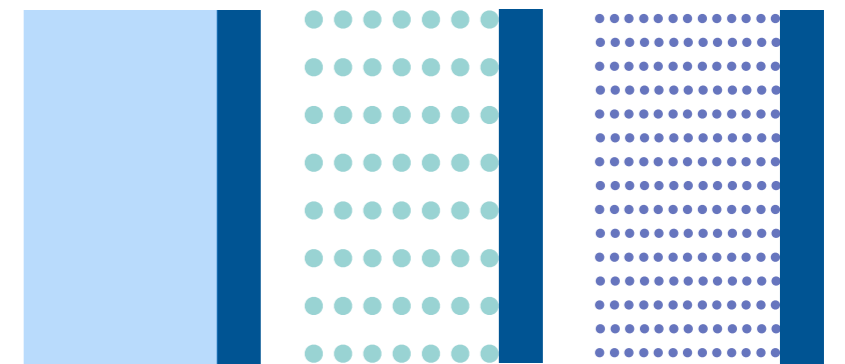
highest maximum proton energy
for the smallest and closest
nanospheres

Filtered energy spectra at final time



no foam

different
nanostructures



Laser-driven ion acceleration

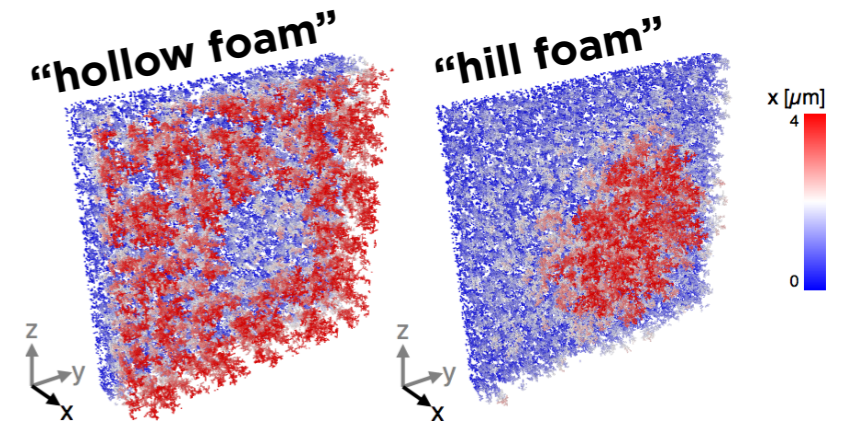
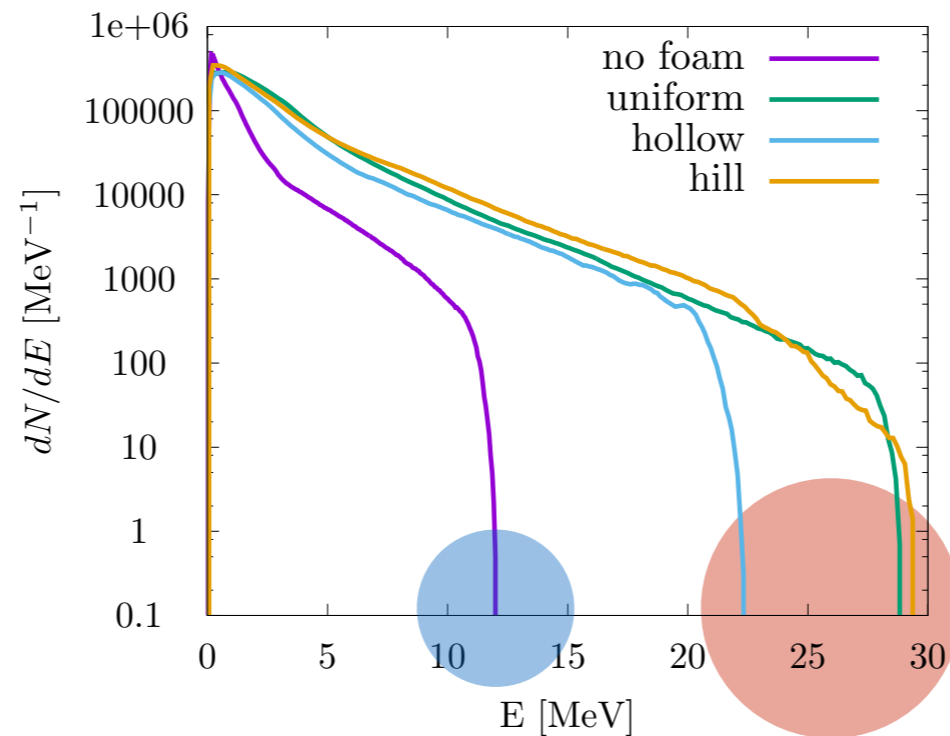
Results

proton energy spectra

3D

thickness profile plays an important role on proton cutoff energy

Filtered energy spectra at final time



no foam

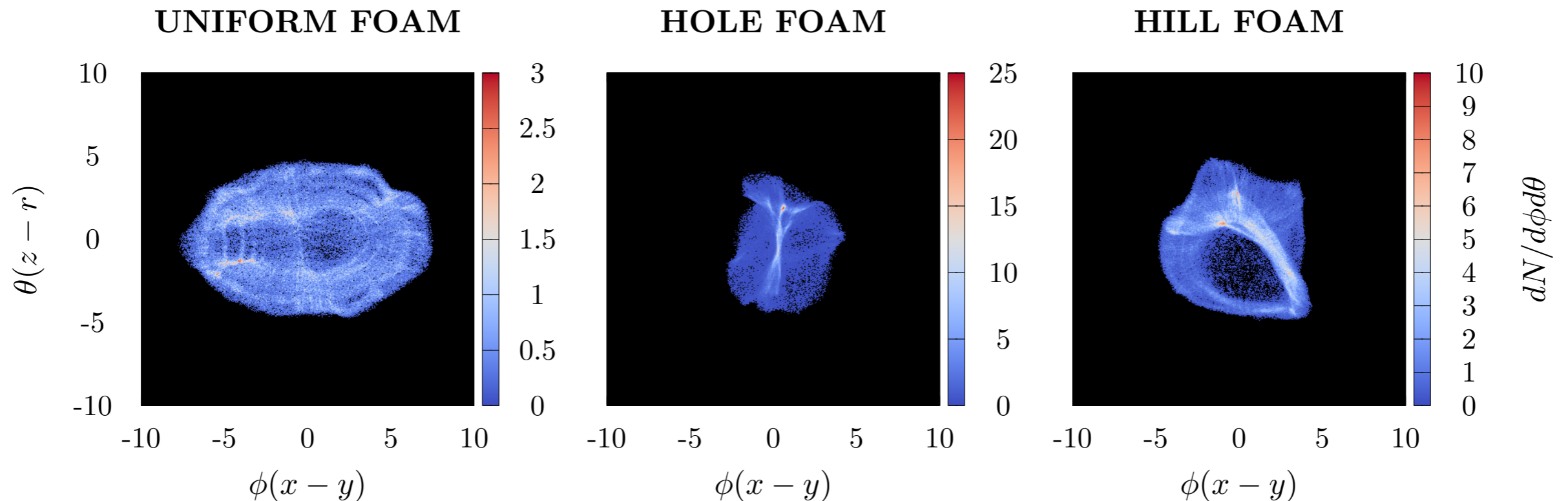
different nanostructures

Laser-driven ion acceleration

Results

3D

synthetic radiochromic films (i.e. angular ion spectra) show very different features for high energy protons ($E \sim 20$ MeV) depending on the specific thickness profile



Summary

a group the works on PIC simulations of
laser-plasma interaction \exists @PoliMi

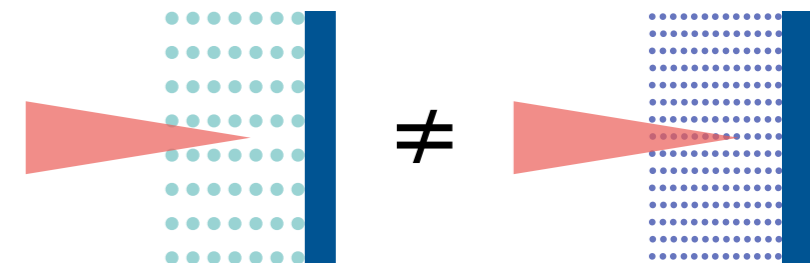
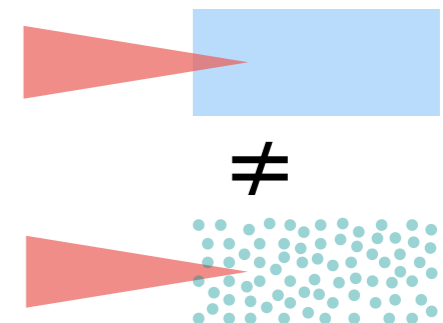
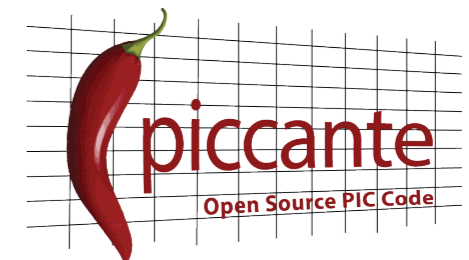
some code developments
2 additional features in piccante

laser interaction with near-critical plasmas
the \exists of a nanostructure plays a role

laser-driven ion acceleration
different nanostructures lead to different results

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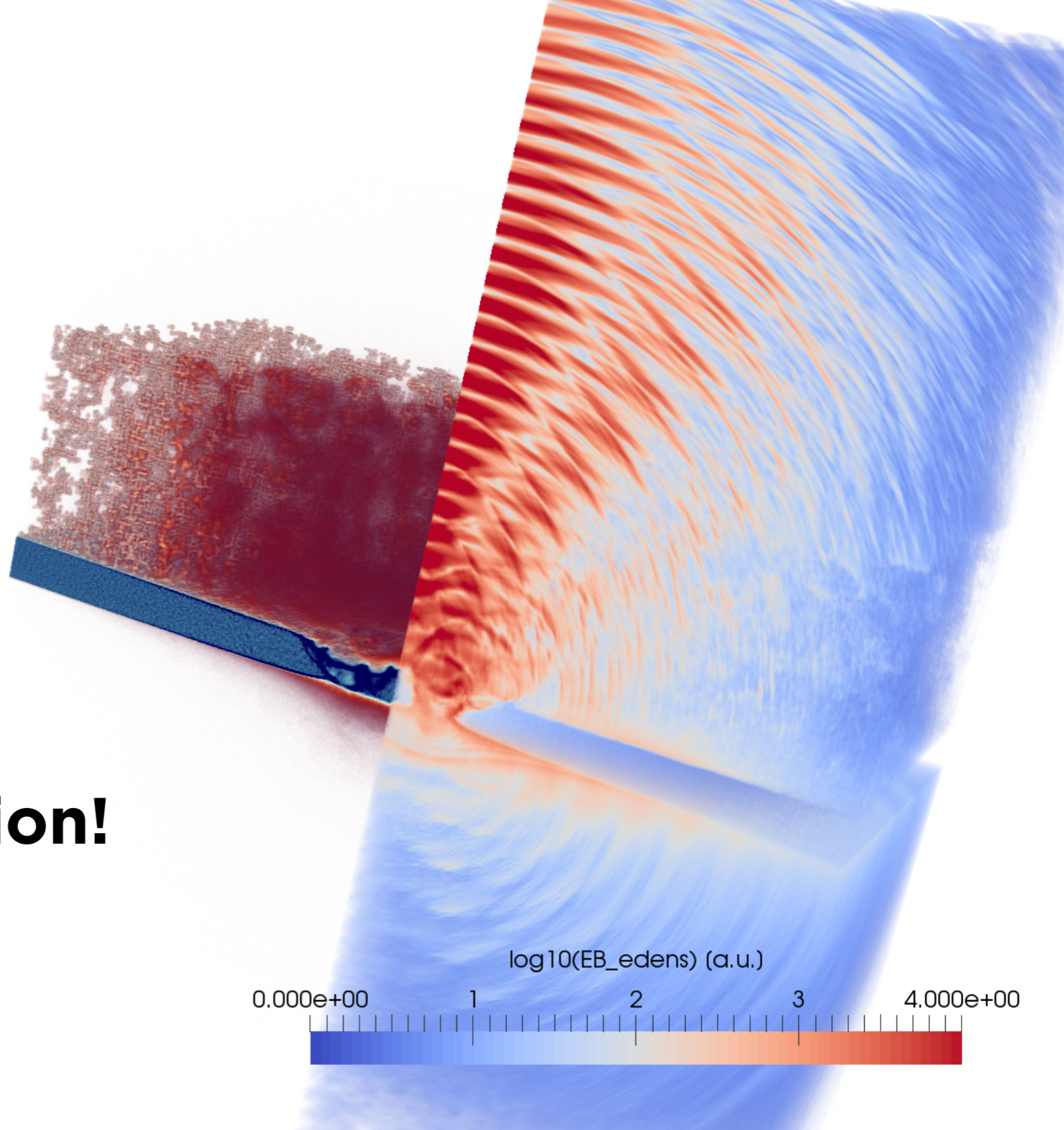
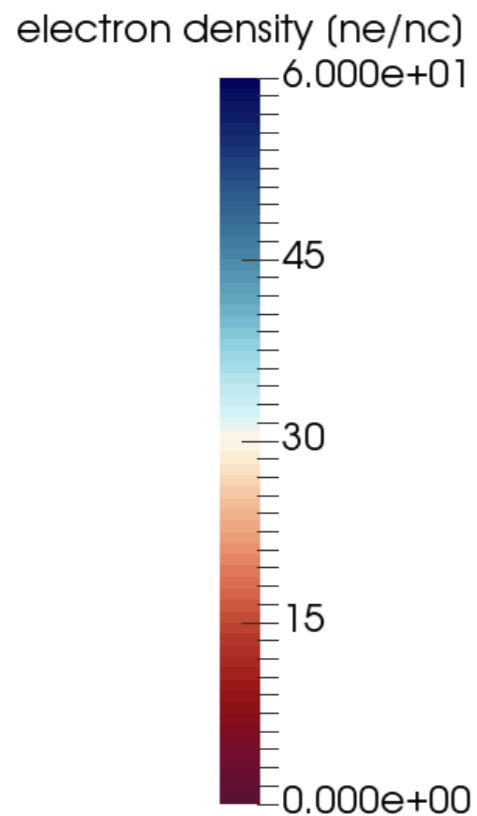
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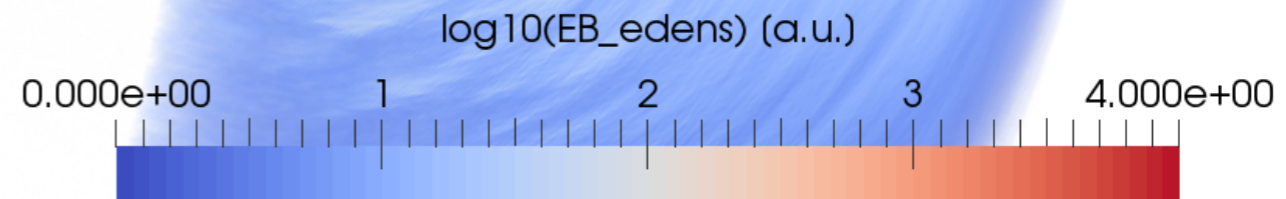
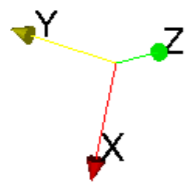


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**Thank You
For Your Attention!**



Our publications on journal papers

L. Fedeli, A. Formenti, C. E. Bottani, M. Passoni

Parametric investigation of laser interaction with uniform and nanostructured near-critical plasmas,
Submitted to EPJD

A. Maffini, L. Moser, L. Marot, R. Steiner, D. Dellasega, A. Uccello, E. Meyer and M. Passoni,

In situ cleaning of diagnostic first mirrors: an experimental comparison between plasma and laser cleaning in ITER-relevant conditions,
[Nucl. Fusion 57 \(2017\) 046014 \(13pp\)](#)

L. Fedeli, A. Sgattoni, G. Cantono and A. Macchi,

Relativistic surface-plasmon enhanced harmonic generation from gratings,
[Appl. Phys. Lett. 110, 051103 \(2017\)](#)

I. Prencipe, A. Sgattoni, D. Dellasega, L. Fedeli, L. Cialfi, Il Woo Choi, I Jong Kim, K. A. Janulewicz, K. F. Kakolee, Hwang Woon Lee, Jae Hee Sung, Seong Ku Lee, Chang Hee Nam and M Passoni,

Development of foam-based layered targets for laser-driven ion beam production,
[Plasma Phys. Control. Fusion 58 \(2016\) 034019 \(8pp\)](#)

M. Passoni, A. Sgattoni, I. Prencipe, L. Fedeli, D. Dellasega, L. Cialfi, Il Woo Choi, I Jong Kim, K. A. Janulewicz, Hwang Woon Lee, Jae Hee Sung, Seong Ku Lee, and Chang Hee Nam,

Toward high-energy laser-driven ion beams: Nanostructured double-layer targets,
[PHYSICAL REVIEW ACCELERATORS AND BEAMS 19, 061301 \(2016\)](#)

A. Maffini, A. Uccello, D. Dellasega and M. Passoni,

Laser cleaning of diagnostic mirrors from tungsten-oxygen tokamak-like contaminants,
[Nucl. Fusion 56 \(2016\) 086008 \(9pp\)](#)

E. Besozzi D. Dellasega, A. Pezzoli, C. Conti, M. Passoni and M. G. Beghi,

Amorphous, ultra-nano- and nano-crystalline tungsten-based coatings grown by Pulsed Laser Deposition: mechanical characterization by Surface Brillouin Spectroscopy,
[Materials & Design 106 \(2016\): 14-21](#)

L. Cialfi, L. Fedeli and M. Passoni,

Electron heating in subpicosecond laser interaction with overdense and near-critical plasmas,
[Physical Review E 94.5 \(2016\): 053201](#)

